



AUSSI DISPONIBLE EN FRANÇAIS

LIGHTING THE WAY N 48° 46.268' W 87° 06.882'

11 kilometres across the water lie the Slate Islands, home to one of seven lighthouses in Lake Superior National Marine Conservation Area. In the past, lighthouse keepers would paddle to the mainland or walk across the ice for supplies!

Parks Canada's job is to protect and present examples of natural and cultural heritage. Lake Superior National Marine Conservation Area offers interpretive programs to share the cultural history of these lighthouses and the people who tended them. Ask Parks Canada staff at the visitor centre for more information.

Hint: Beneath the boards



The north shore of Lake Superior is home to many plant species, like Common Butterwort. This plant is carnivorous, which means it eats bugs! They trap insects on their sticky leaves! Lake Superior's cool climate makes it possible for them to grow here, south of their usual range in the Arctic. Look for them on rocky outcrops near the lake.

Lake Superior National Marine Conservation Area staff monitor these plants to keep an eye on the area's unique biology. Learn more about arctic-alpine plants on Lake Superior and help Parks Canada's monitoring efforts by reporting your observations to iNaturalist.

Hint: Check the corners

CHORUS IN THE FOREST

N 48° 46.408' W 87° 07.115'

The north shore of Lake Superior is important breeding habitat for many songbirds, like this Black-throated Green Warbler. You can recognize its song, zee-zee-zee-zoo-zee! Each year, these birds migrate thousands of kilometres!

Staff at the Lake Superior National Marine Conservation Area help monitor breeding bird populations by recording their presence and if they have young. This information is added to the Ontario Breeding Bird Atlas to inform conservation efforts.

Hint: Camouflaged under a tall tree









